U.S. Army Research, Development and Engineering Command

Considerations in the Development of an Ontology for a Generalized Intelligent Framework for Tutoring (GIFT)



TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.

Robert Sottilare, Ph.D.

Director, Learning in Intelligent Tutoring Environment (LITE) Laboratory

SFC Paul Ray Smith Simulation & Training Technology Center (STTC)

Army Research Laboratory - Human Research & Engineering Directorate (HRED)





Outline



- Motivation for Computer-Based Tutoring
- Problem Statement
- Adaptive Tutoring Learning Effect Chain
- Ontology and considerations for a GIFT



Computer-Based Tutoring Systems (CBTS) are effective AR



Tutoring Methods and Effect Sizes...

- .42 Unskilled human tutors (Cohen, Kulik, & Kulik, 1982) (↑ median score from 50th percentile to 66th percentile)
- .79 Skilled human tutors (VanLehn, 2011) (\(\) median score from 50th percentile to 79th percentile)
- .80 AutoTutor (20 experiments) (Graesser and colleagues)
- 1.05 Other tutoring systems (\(\text{median score from 50th to 85th} \) PACT Geometry Tutor (Anderson, Corbett, Koedinger & Pelletier, 1995)

Atlas-Andes (VanLehn, et al, 2005; Rose, et al, 2001)

Diagnoser - physics (Hunt & Minstrell, 1994)

Sherlock (Lesgold, et al, 1988)

- Skilled human tutors (Bloom, 1984) 2.00
- Adapted from information provided by Dr. Art Graesser, University of Memphis, and Dr. Beverly Woolf, University of Massachusetts - Amherst.



Problem Statement

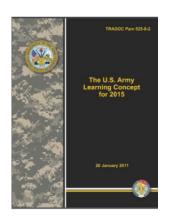


Computer-based tutoring systems (CBTS) have demonstrated significant promise in tutoring individuals in well-defined domains, but...

Fifty years of research have been unsuccessful in making CBTS ubiquitous in military training... Why?

CBTS are expensive to author and are insufficiently adaptable to support the tailored, self-regulated, individual & small unit tutoring experiences required to support:

- U.S. Army Learning Model (ALM) for 2015 (TRADOC, 2011)
- U.S. Air Force (AETC, 2008)
- U.S. Navy STEM Grand Challenge (ONR, 2012)
- OSD R&T Vision for PAL
- NATO HFM RTG 237 (Advanced ITS)
- TTCP HUM TP-2 (Training Panel)

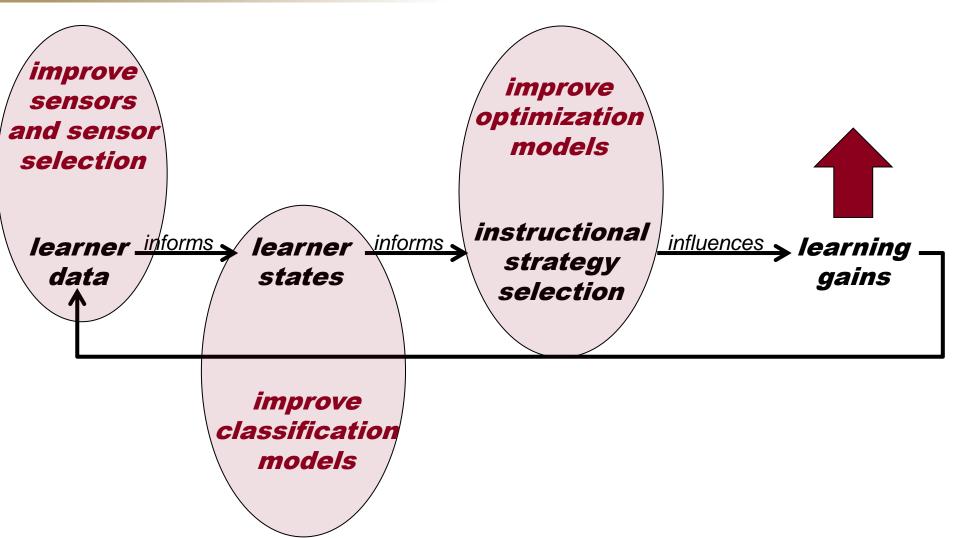






Adaptive Tutoring Learning Effect Chain



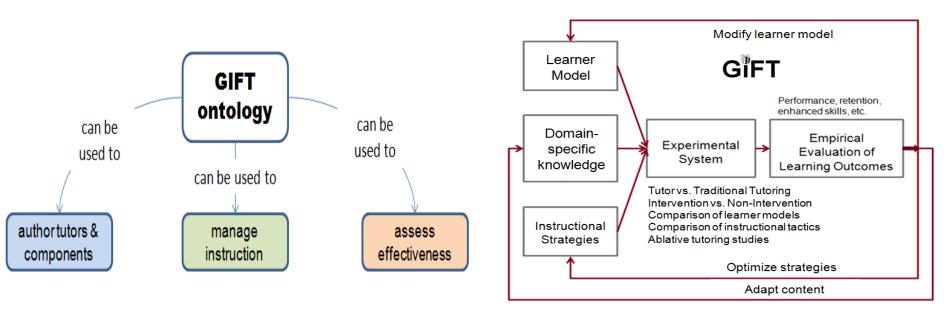




Generalized Intelligent Framework for Tutoring (GIFT)



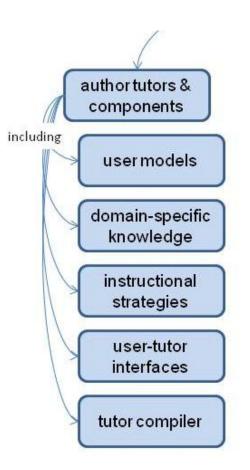
- Research and prototype a computer-based tutoring framework to evaluate adaptive tutoring concepts, models, authoring capabilities, and instructional strategies across various populations, training tasks and conditions, thus enabling summative and formative evaluations including between system evaluations
 - empirically assess CBTS, CBTS models, methods, and components using GIFT
 - · use results to build CBTS standards and tools





GIFT's Authoring Construct





Authoring Goals for GIFT

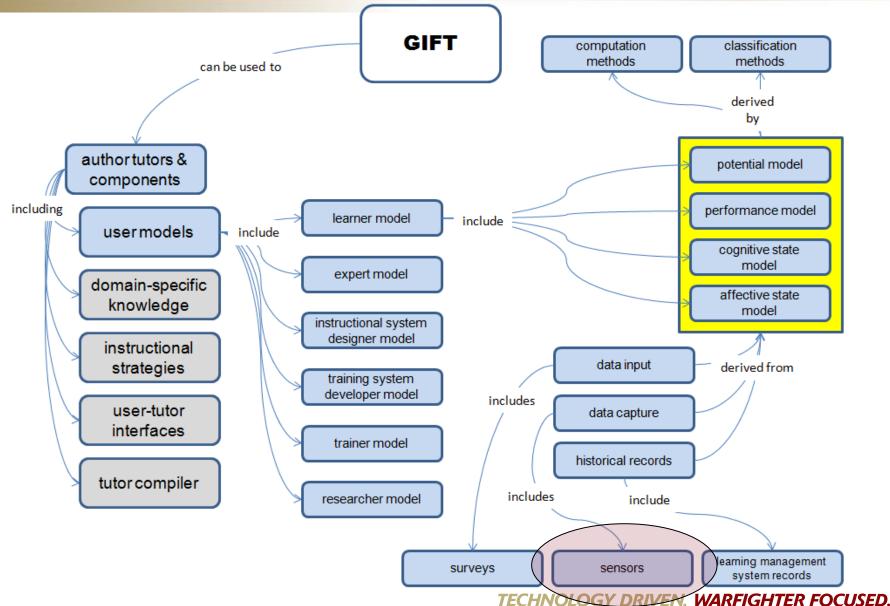
(adapted from Murray, 1999; Murray, 2003; Sottilare & Gilbert, 2011)

- Decrease the effort (time, cost, and/or other resources) for authoring and assessing CBTS;
- Decrease the skill threshold by tailoring tools for specific disciplines to author, assess and employ CBTS;
- Provide tools to aid the designer/author/trainer /researcher organize their knowledge;
- Support (i.e. structure, recommend, or enforce) good design principles (in pedagogy, user interface, etc.);
- Enable rapid prototyping of CBTS to allow for rapid design/evaluation cycles of prototype capabilities.
- Employ standards to support rapid integration of external training/tutoring environments (e.g., games) (Sottilare & Gilbert, 2011)



Consideration: Authoring User Models





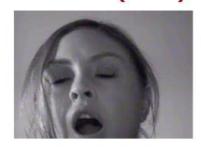


RDECOM Learner Affect Modeling



- what does the tutor need to know about the learner to classify their affect?
- how does the tutor get that information?
- which affective states are important to recognize?
- how does classification of state influence instructional decisions?

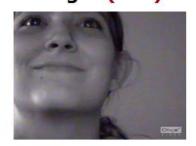
Boredom (23%)



Confusion (25%)



Delight (4%)









Frustration (16%)



Surprise (4%)

Graesser and D'Mello (2012, in press)



Sensor Configuration Authoring Tool



Approach: sensor configuration authoring tool



- · Implemented sensors
 - · Affectiva QSensor
 - electro-dermal activity (EDA)
 - skin temperature and acceleration
 - Emotiv EEG
 - temperature and humidity mouse (custom)
 - Surrogate sensors for temp, humidity and assessment

- behavioral sensors
- physiological sensors
- state classification models

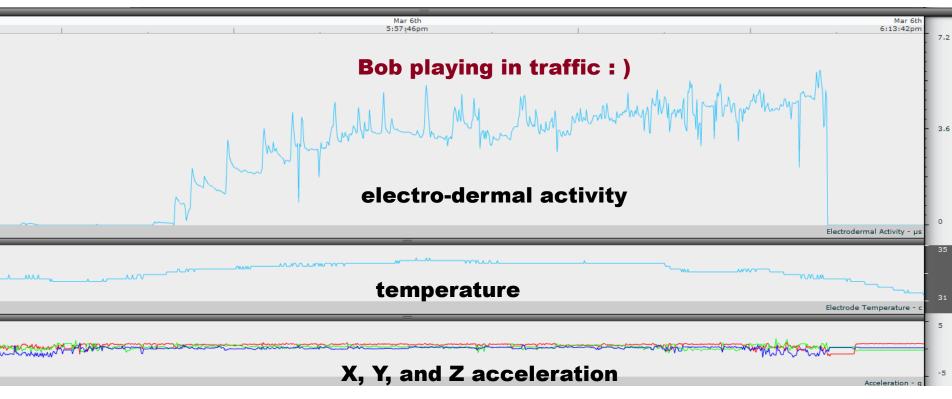


- Sensors under consideration
 - NeuroSky and ABM EEGs
 - Webcam (1Hz)
 - Zephyr heart rate monitor
 - Sonar distance sensor
 - Pressure chair (custom)
 - Pupil diameter (custom)
 - · Design Interactive EmoPro



Passive Sensing - Q Sensor 4





Research question: what is the minimum set of sensors needed to assess engagement, workload, motivational level and emotional state?

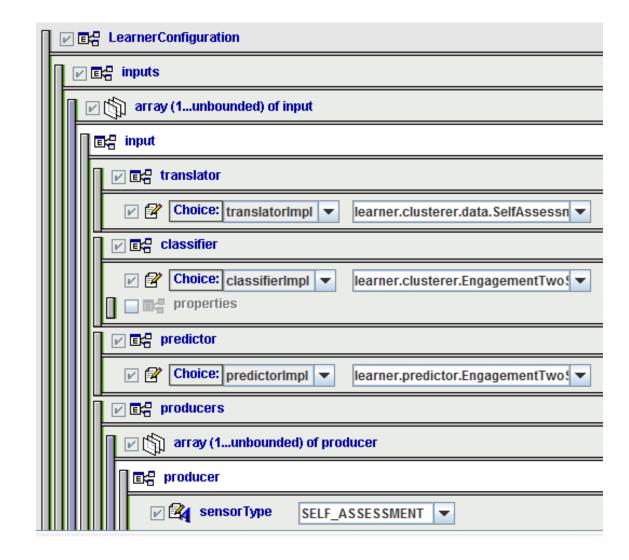




Learner Configuration Authoring Tool



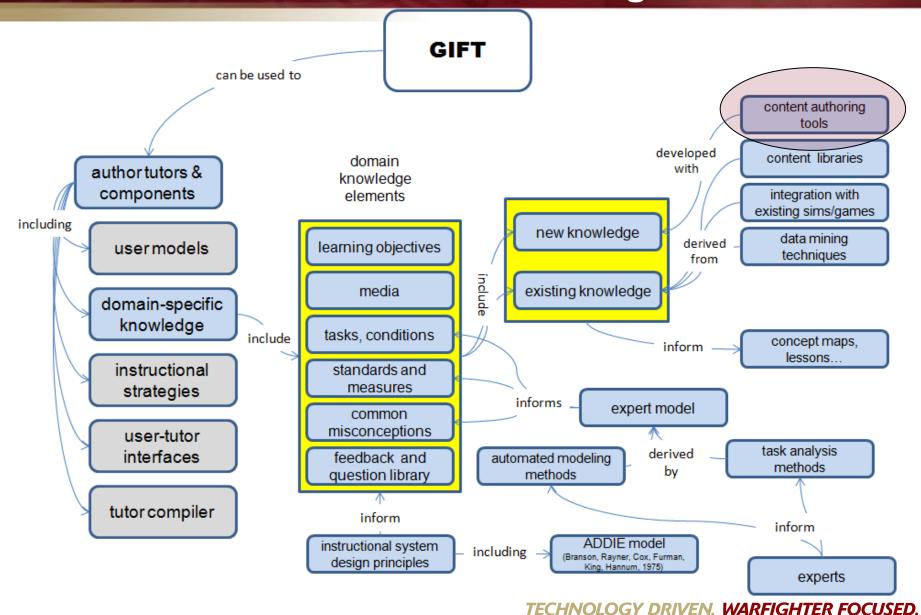
- simple interface for authoring learner models
- tree structure driven by XML schema
- prevents learner model authoring errors by validating against the learner model XML schema
- provides ability to validate learner model using GIFT source w/o having to launch the entire GIFT architecture





Consideration: Authoring Domain Knowledge



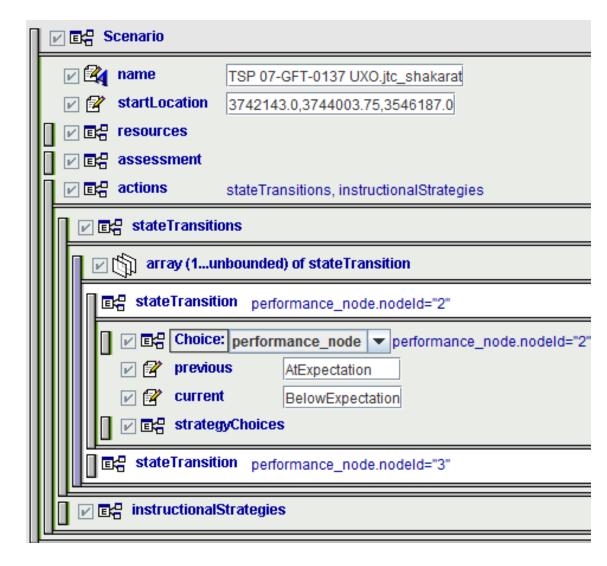




Domain Knowledge Authoring Tool



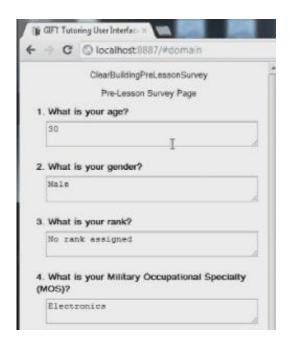
- simple interface for authoring Domain Knowledge Files (DKFs)
- tree structure driven by XML schema
- prevents DKF authoring errors by validating against DKF XML schema
- provides ability to validate DKF content using GIFT source w/o having to launch the entire GIFT architecture





Survey Authoring Tool





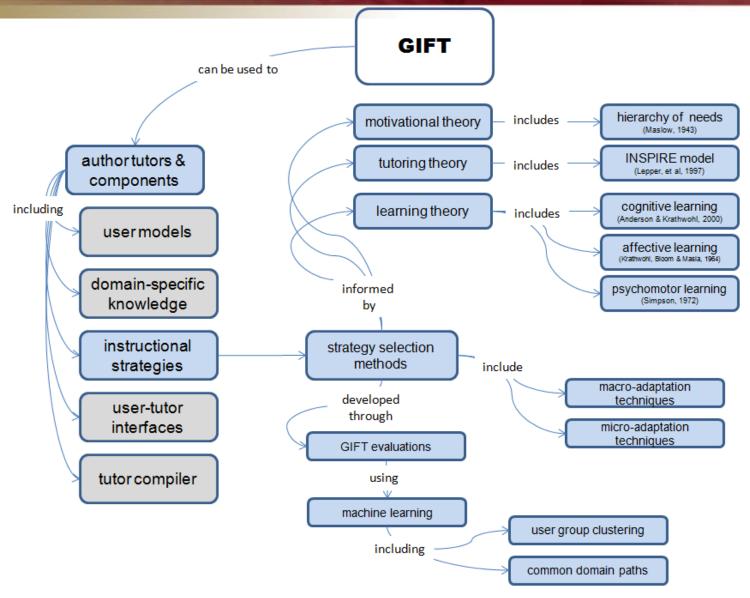
- · author questions
- · author surveys
- · assign surveys
- present surveys

Question Bank Surveys Survey Contexts Create Question Reply Set Editor		
1	What is your age?	Fill in the blant
2	What is your gender?	Fill in the blant
3	What is your rank?	Fill in the blan
4	What is your Military Occupational Specialty (MOS)?	Fill in the blan
5	How many hours of sleep did you get last night?	Fill in the blan
6	Have you had any caffeine in the last two hours?	Fill in the blan
7	Rate your level of experience with computers	Multiple Choic Single Select
8	How often do you play computer/video games?	Multiple Choic Single Select
9	What color was the pickup truck?	Fill in the blan
10	How many people did you see in the compound?	Fill in the blan
11	Were any people identified carrying weapons? If so, how many?	Fill in the blan
12	How many people/vehicles are around the target?	Fill in the blan
13	Describe a vehicle: # doors / color / make (sedan truck SUV van)?	Fill in the blan
14	Were there any Military Age Males (MAMs)?	Fill in the blan
15	Were they carrying weapons? How many?	Fill in the blar



Consideration: Authoring Instructional Strategies

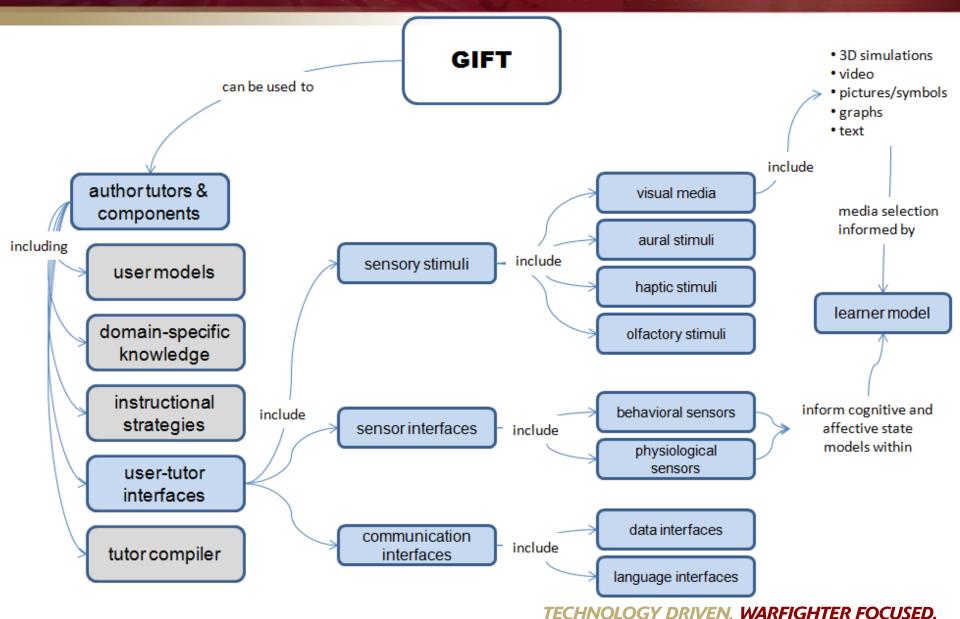






Consideration: Authoring User-Tutor Interfaces

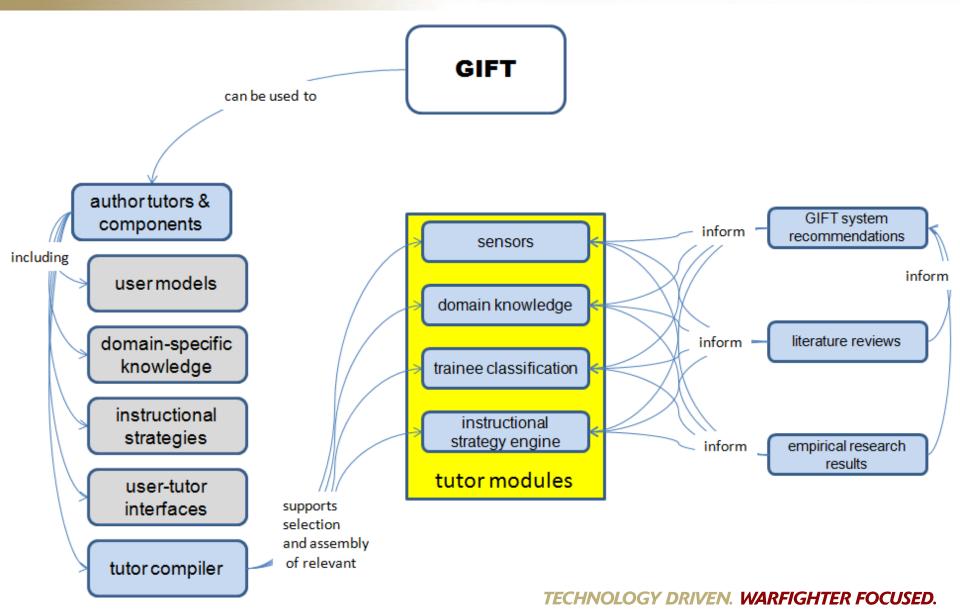






Consideration: Compiling Tutors

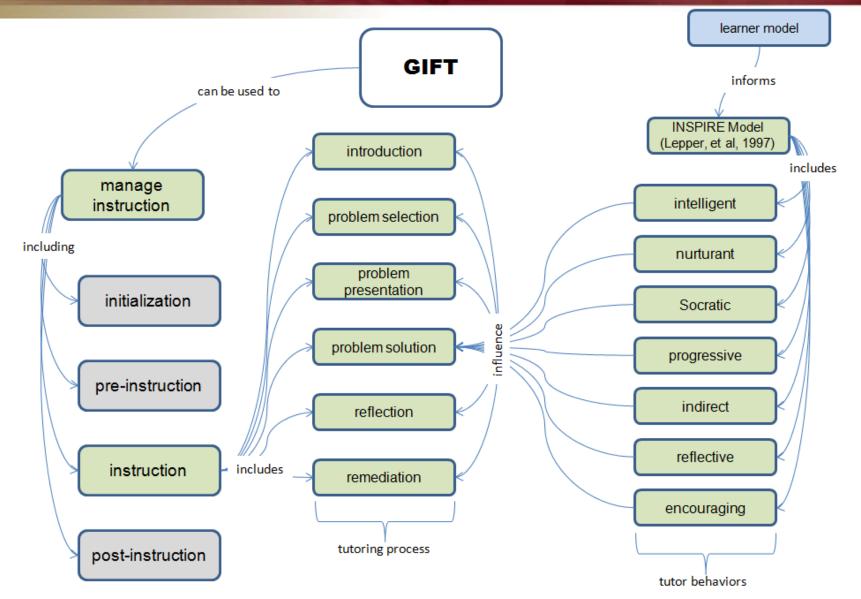






Consideration: Managing Instruction

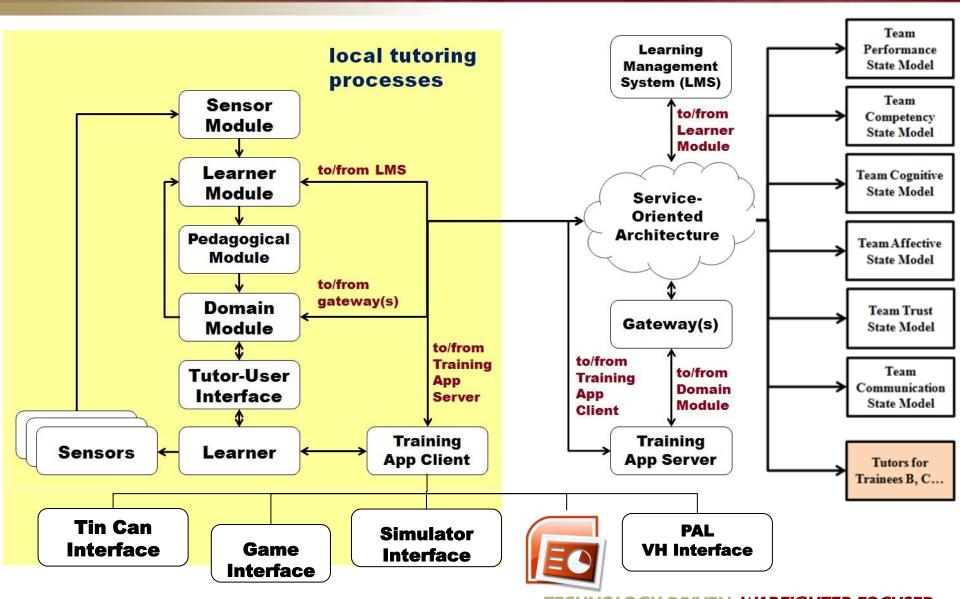






GIFT's Instructional Management Construct

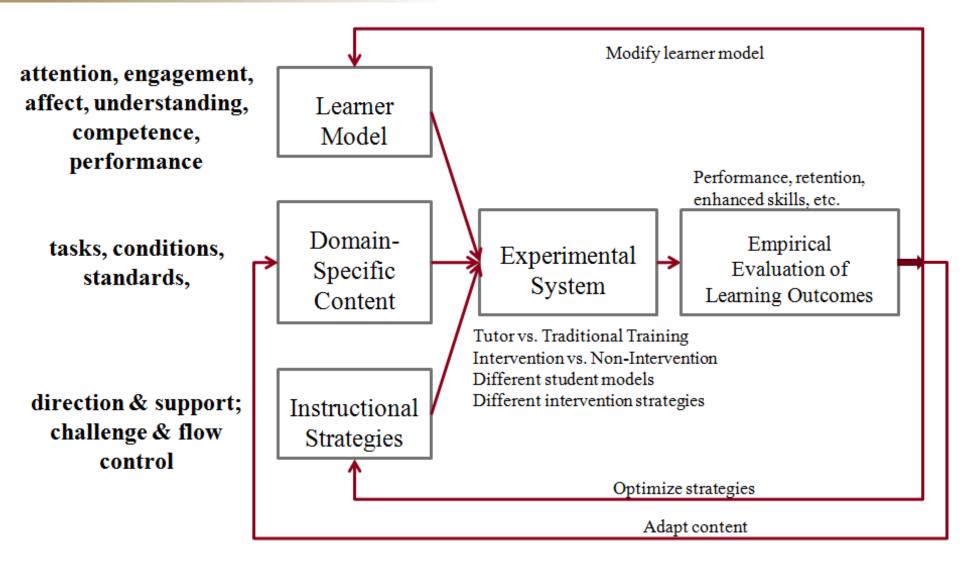






Consideration: Assessing the **ARL**Effect of Tutoring Methods







Outline



- Motivation for Computer-Based Tutoring
- Problem Statement
- Adaptive Tutoring Learning Effect Chain
- Ontology and considerations for a GIFT

Thank you for your attention Questions?

Interested in knowing more about GIFT?

Go to GIFTtutoring.org